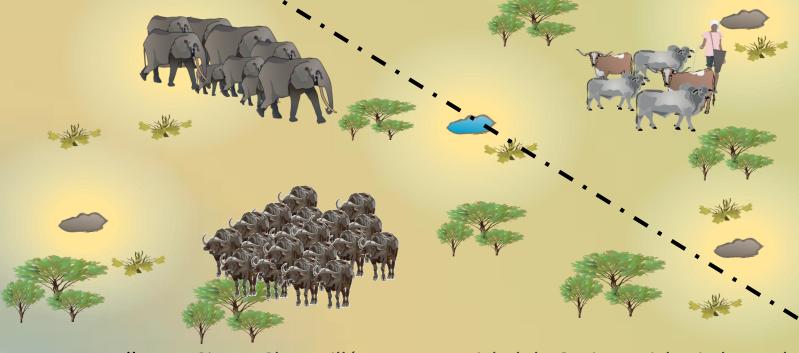
Surface water availability and agro-pastoral practices shape the human-wildlife interface at the edge of a protected area.



Hugo Valls Fox, Simon Chamaillé-Jammes, Michel de Garine-Wichatitsky, Arthur Perrotton, Nicolas Courbin, Eve Miguel, Chloé Guerbois, <u>Alexandre Caron</u>, Andrew Loveridge, Brent Stapelkamp, Martin Muzamba & Hervé Fritz





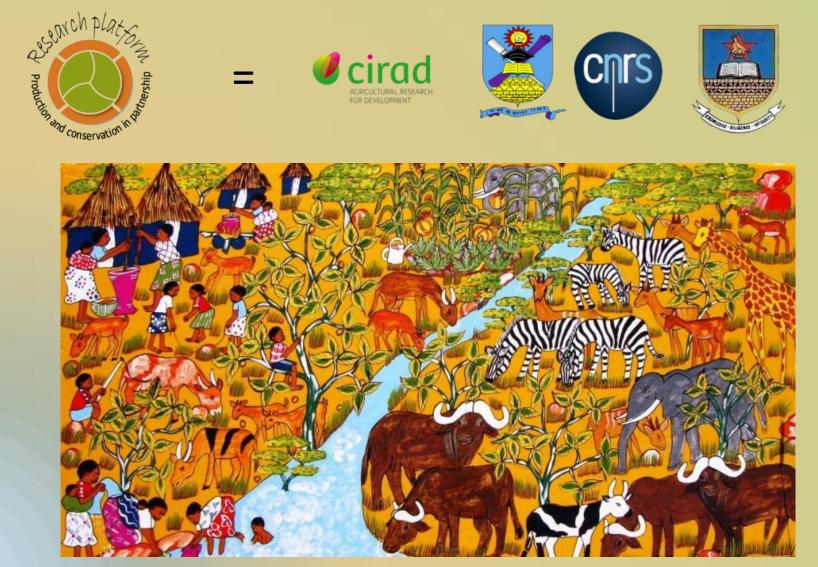








Research Platform « Production and Conservation in Partnership » *Created in 2007*



Research Scope & Objectives

Research object:

Socio-ecological systems including protected areas and their peripheries in southern Africa



Our goal:

 To improve livelihood of rural households at « wild-domestic interfaces »

 Managing negative interactions, promoting positive ones (sustainable use of NR)

Our purpose:

Promote applied, demand-driven research through transdisciplinary holistic approaches and co-construction
Post-graduate training and capacity building

Thematic fields

Socio-ecological systems at the wild/domestic interface

Achievements:

- 100 postgraduate
- 100 publications

Health & Environment

Ecology & Sustainability

Agriculture & Conservation

NR Governance & Institutions

Long-term study in TFCAs





Communal land





Communal land

Cattle herding

Perrotton 2015

Crop raiding *Guerbois et al. 2012*



Communal Jand

Cattle herding

Coexistence at the interface **Crop raiding** Communal land **Protected** predation Cattle herding area Kuiper et al. 2015

Crop raiding

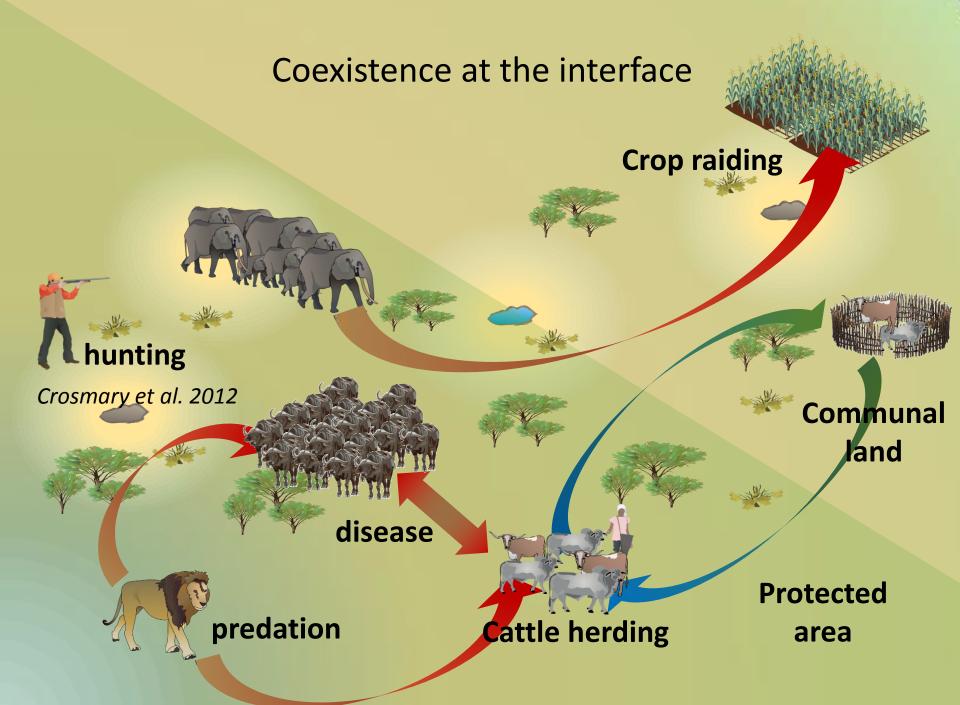


Communal Jand

disease Miguel et al. 2013

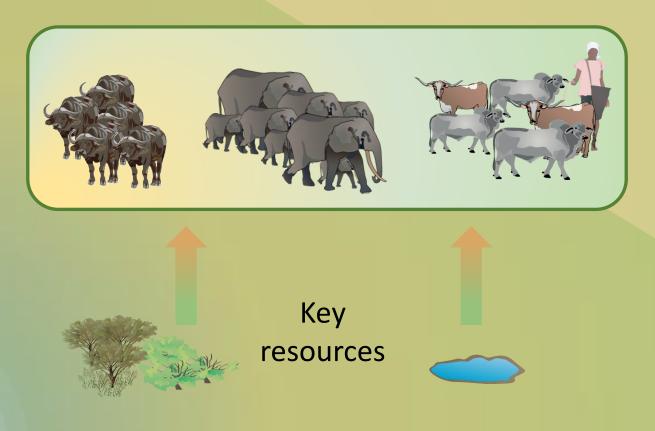
predation

Cattle herding

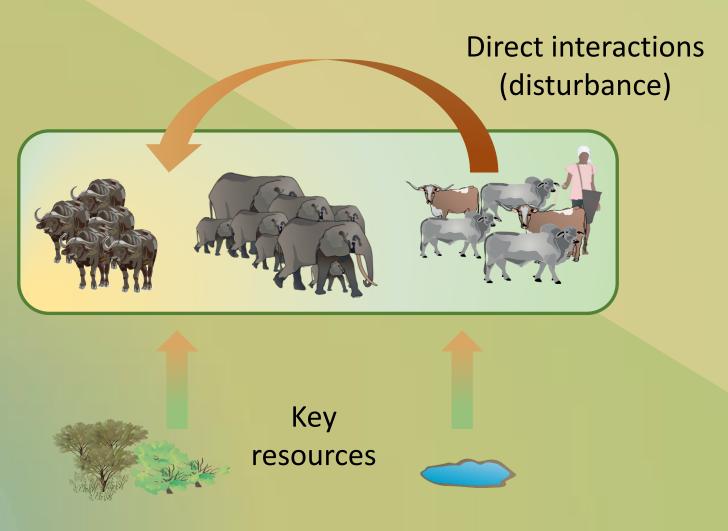


The importance of key resources

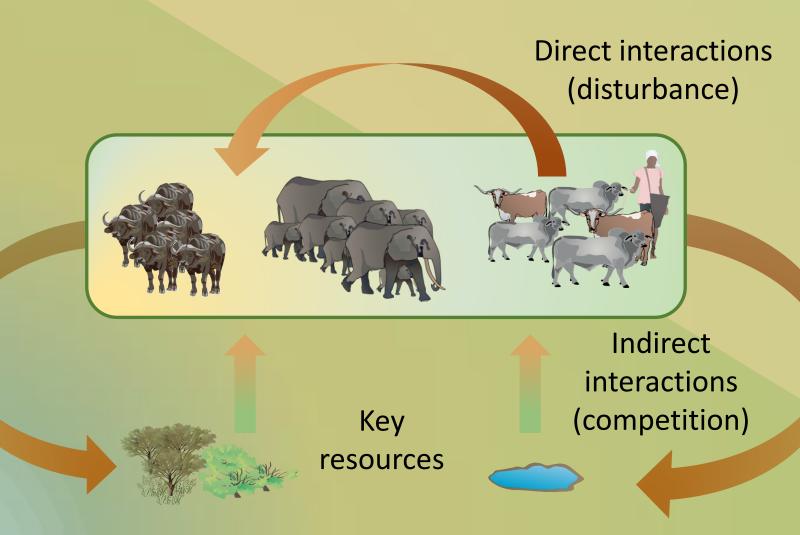
- Determine animal distribution (Redfern et al 2003, Ogutu et al 2014)
- > Determine animal abundance (Illius & O'Connor 2000)



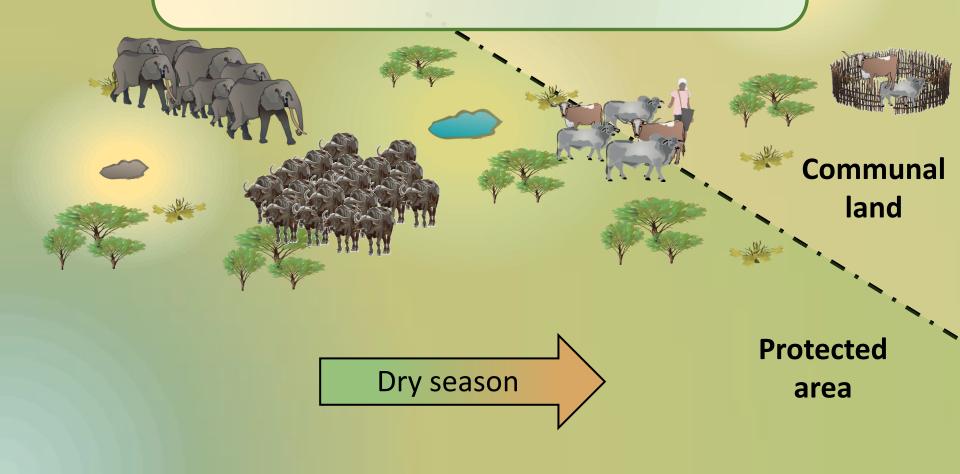
The importance of key resources

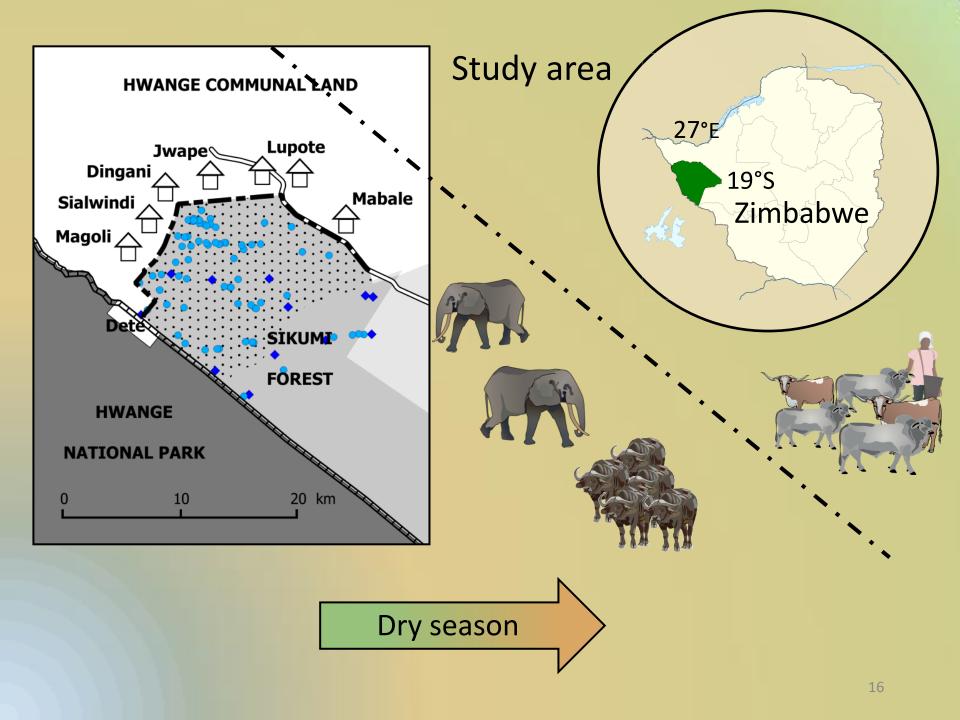


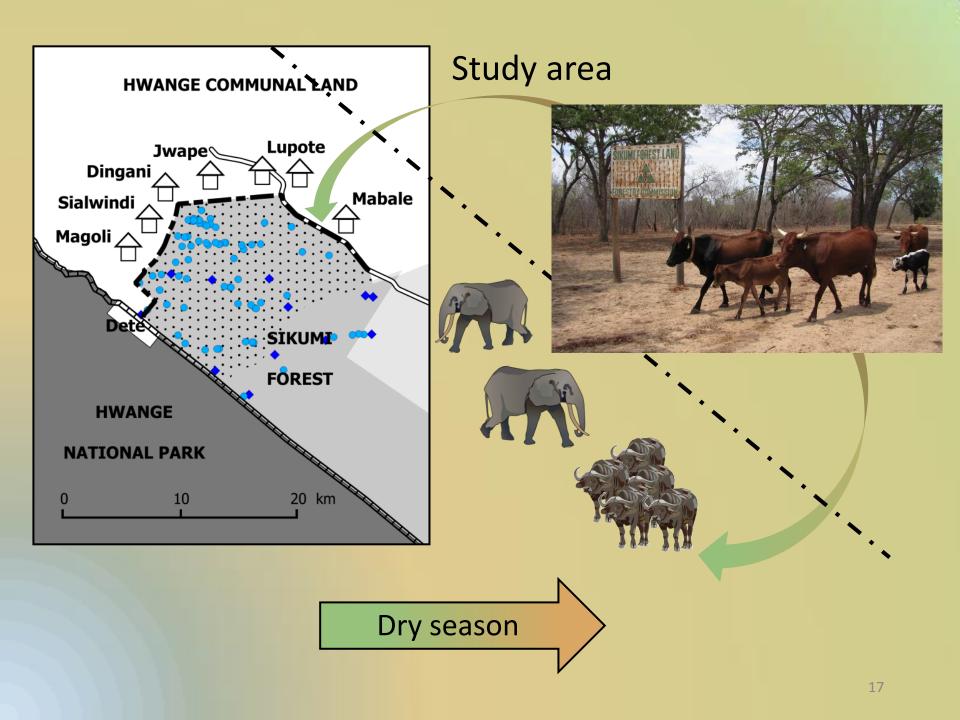
The importance of key resources



Can wildlife avoid cattle (and people) when surface water becomes scarce on the edge of the protected area ?









GPS satellite collars

VHF Communication

GPS Unit



Battery Pack

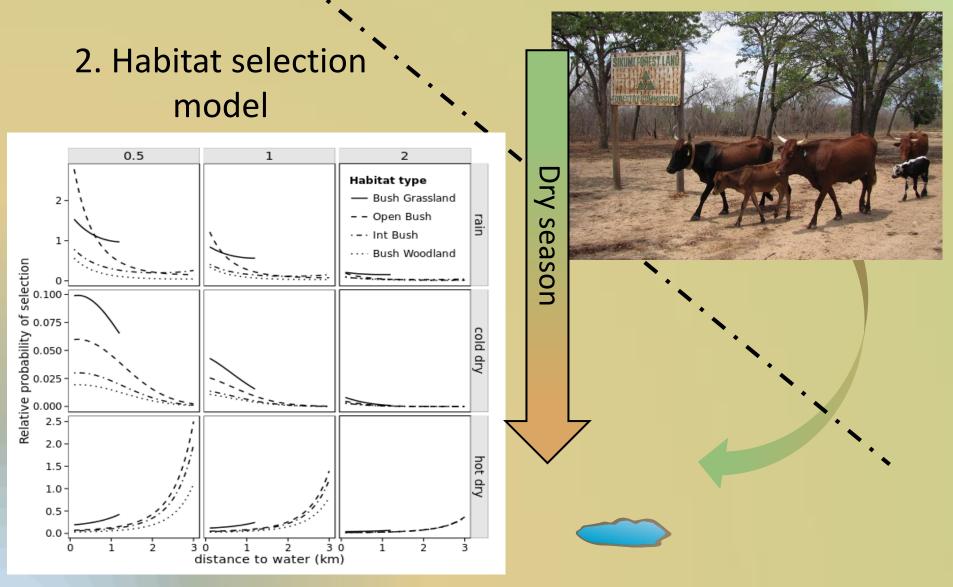




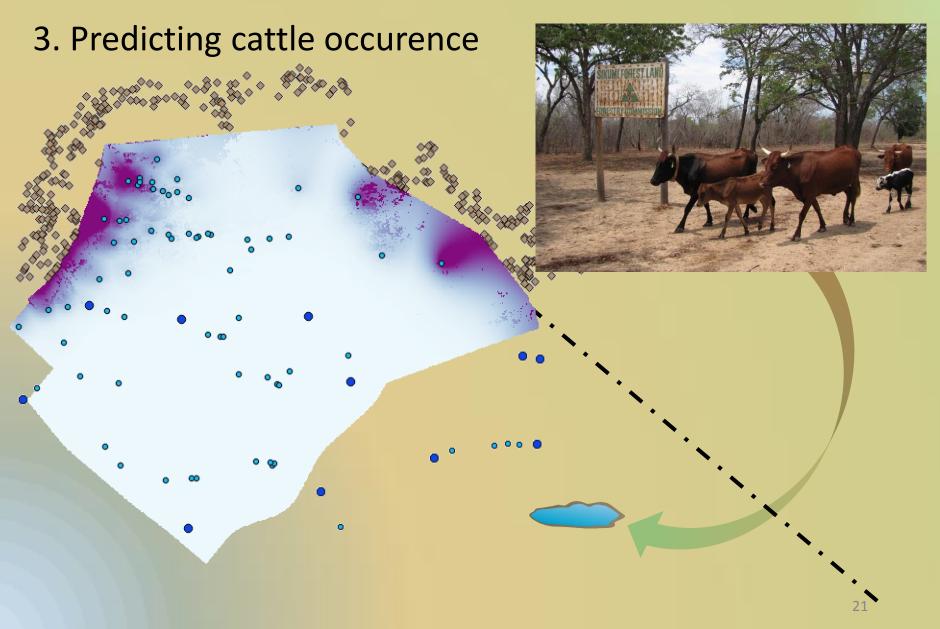
Nodeling cattle presence

1. GPS collar data Game Fence Dry season 1034 200 ne Resorve Hotel Hwange Nationa Bafari Lodge Dete Sable Lodge/

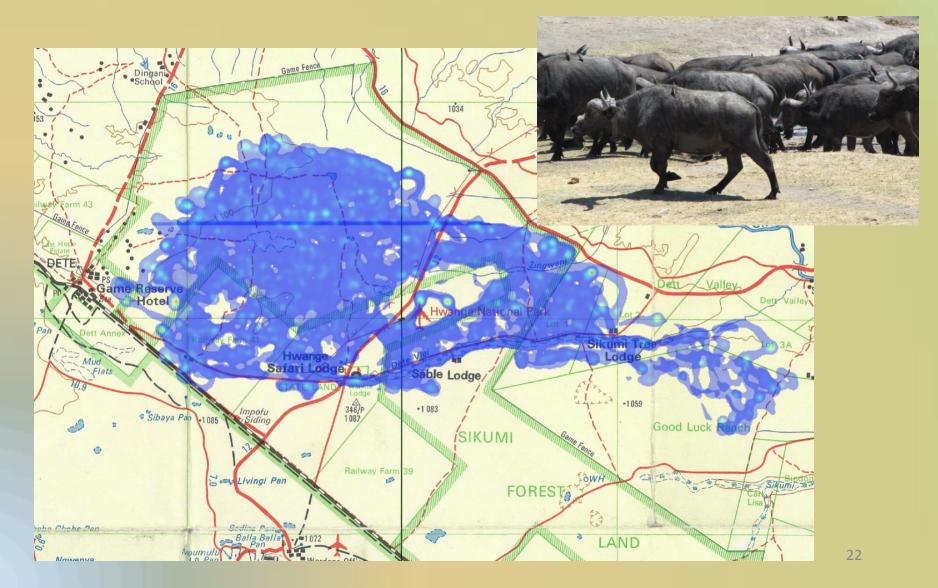
Modeling cattle presence



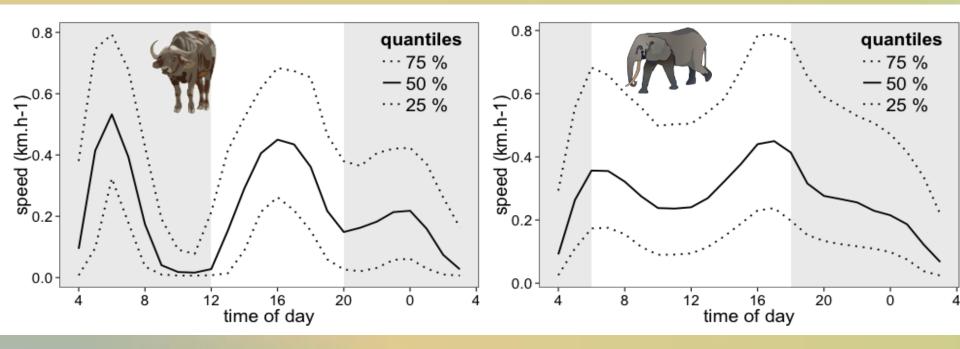
Modeling cattle presence



Modeling wildlife presence at multiple scales 1. Seasonal utilisation distribution (UD)



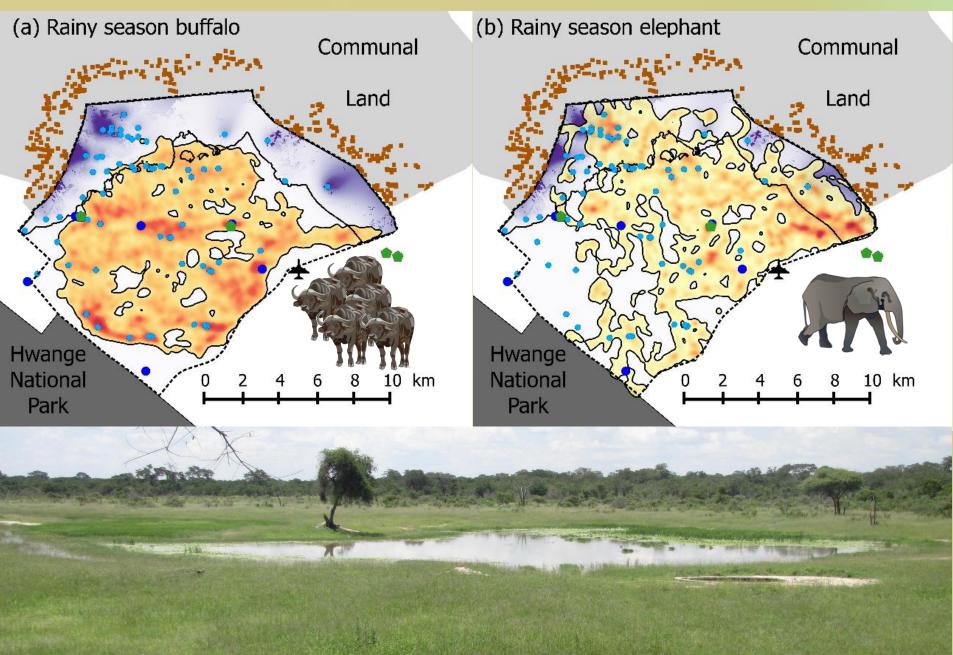
Modeling wildlife presence at multiple scales 2. Step selection functions



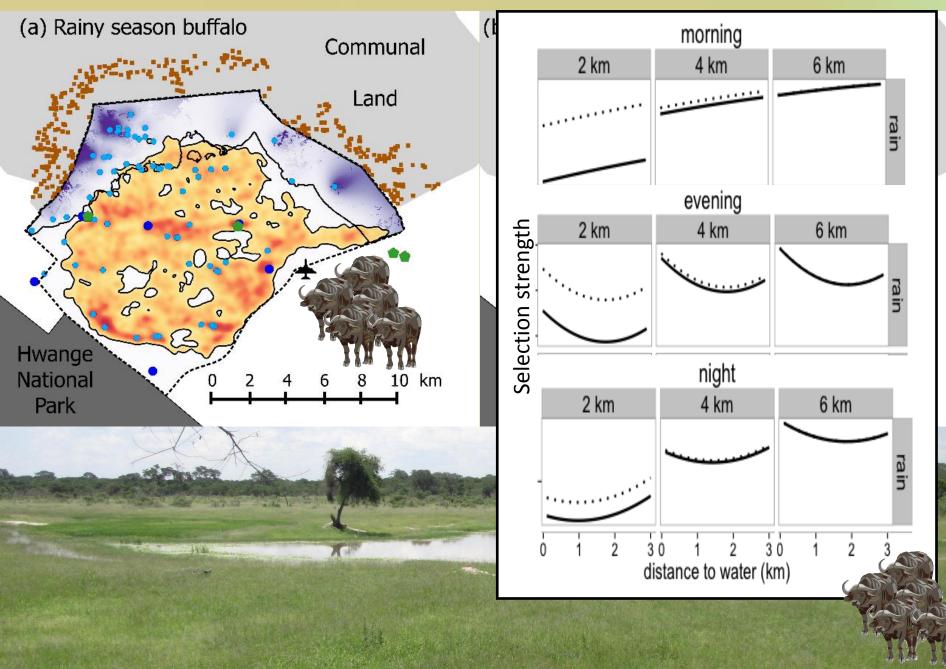
Buffalo: 3 foraging bouts

Elephant:2 activity peaks

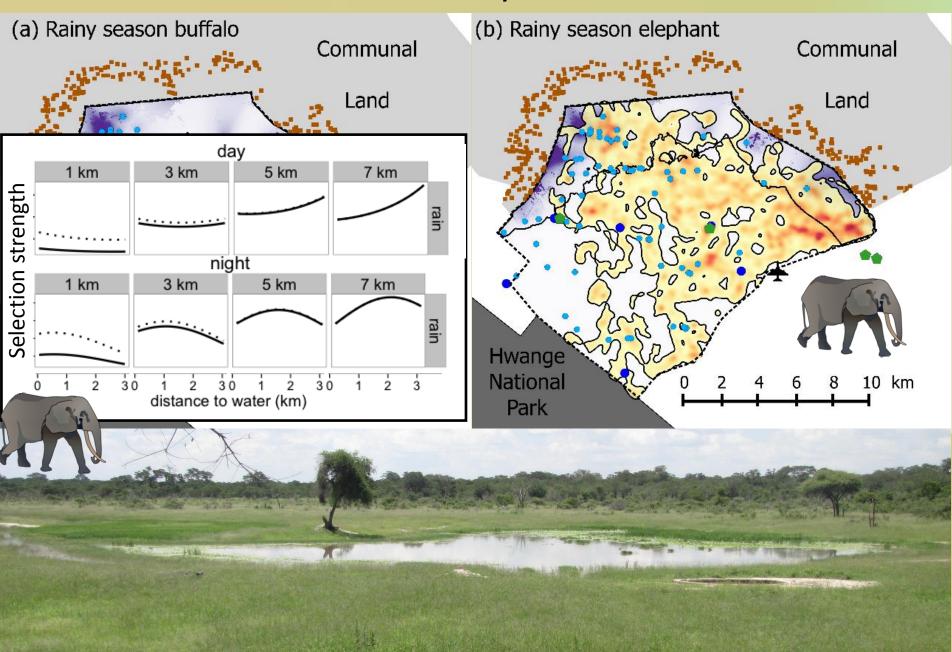
Results: rainy season



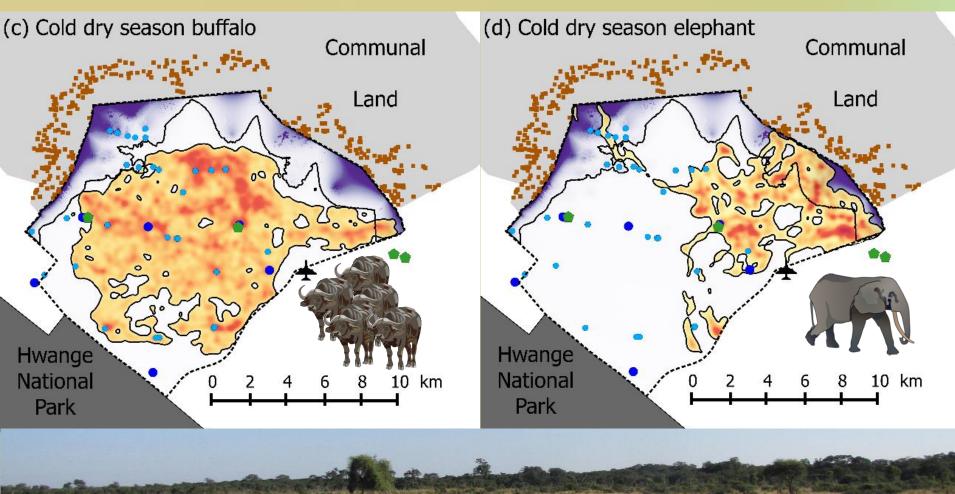
Results: rainy season



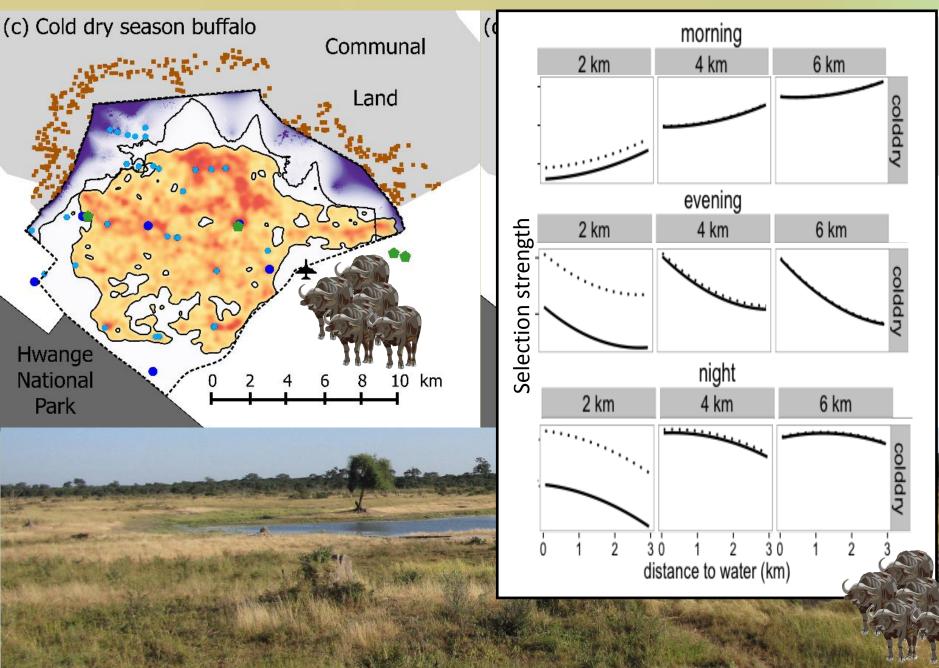
Results: rainy season



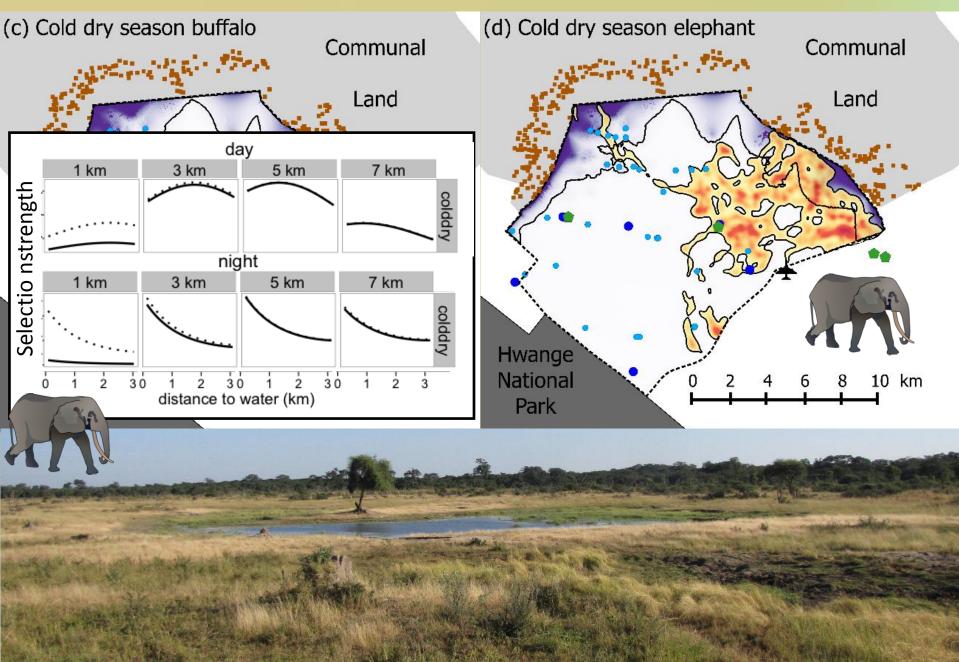
Results: cold dry season



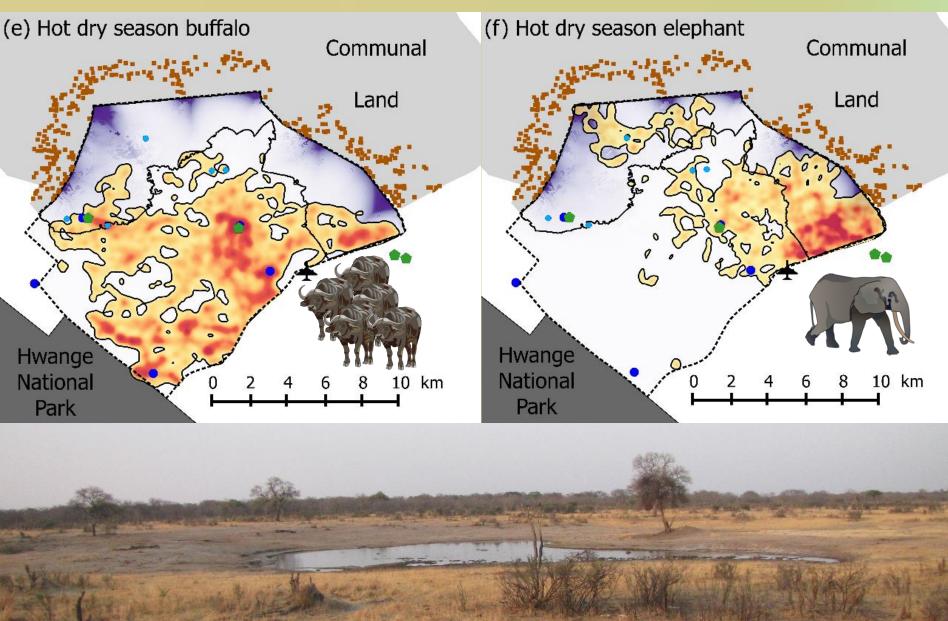
Results: cold dry season



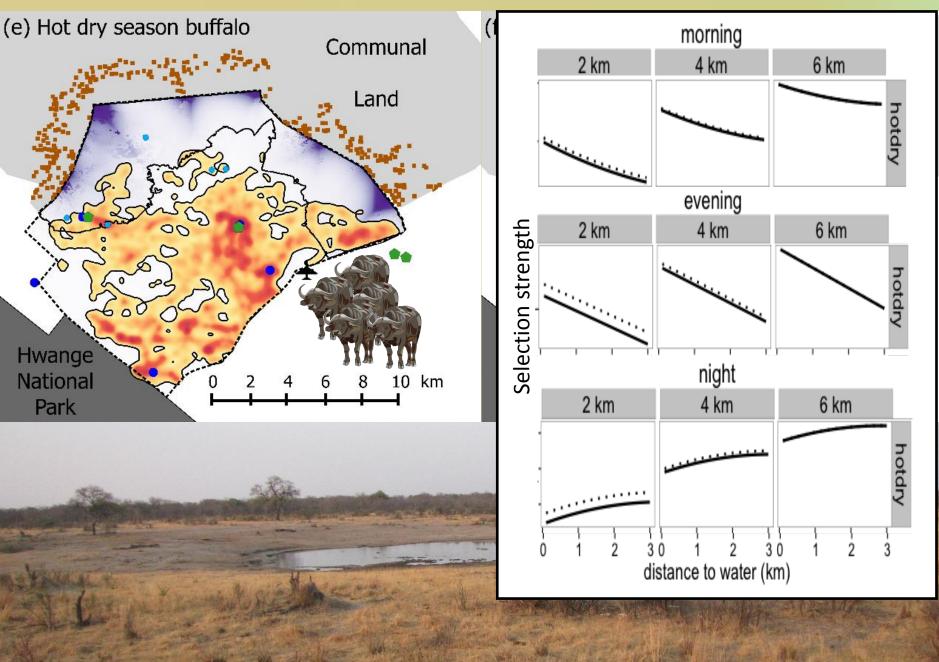
Results: cold dry season



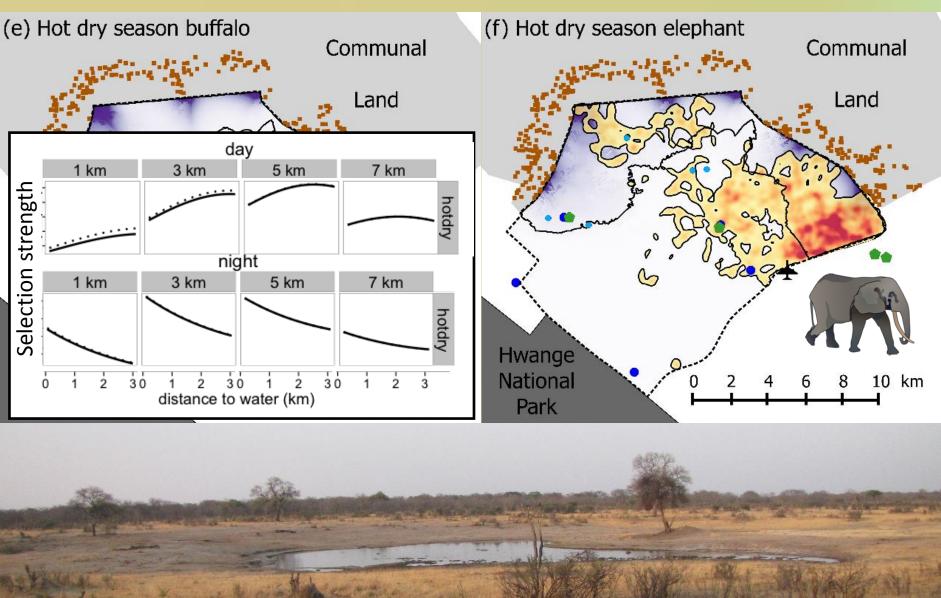
Results: hot dry season

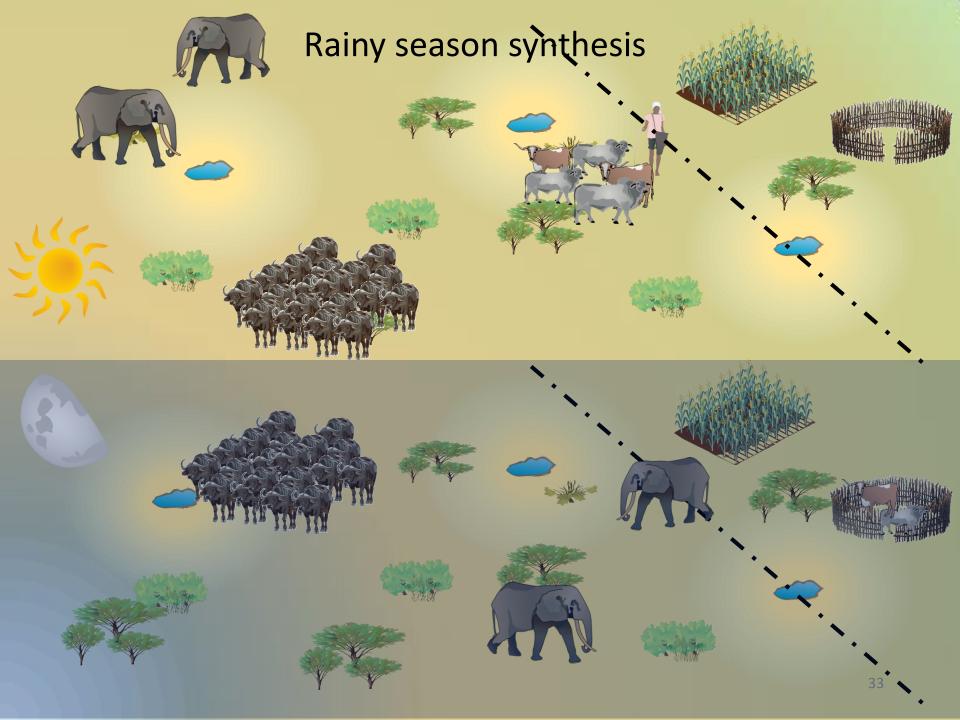


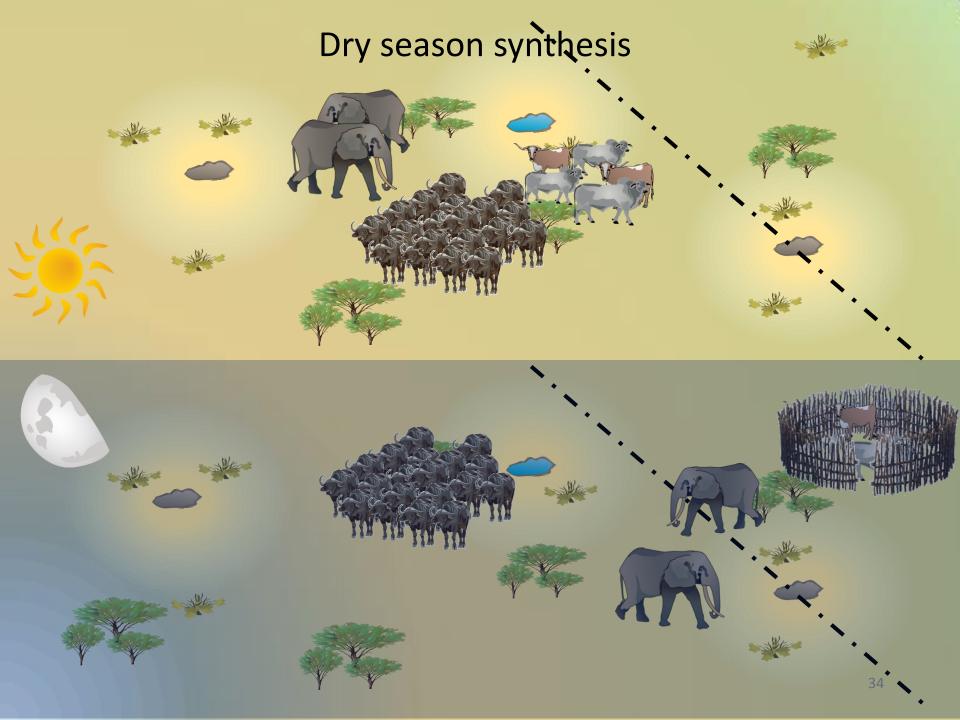
Results: hot dry season



Results: hot dry season







Implications for water management

During the rainy season cattle husbandry pushes wildlife further away from the border.



Implications for water management

During the rainy season cattle husbandry pushes wildlife further away from the border.





During the dry season artificial waterpoints close to the boundary attract widlife increasing the likelihood of conflict (disease transmission, depredation, raiding of gardens)



Thank you for your attention





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